High Speed Photometry and Scintillation

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Alt-Az Initiative Portland VIII Workshop August 1-3, 2014

Motivation

High Time Resolution Observations of Transient & High Cadence Events
Scintillation minimization





Scaled up design to 2.4-m

HTRA Theory – Binary Occultations³

Theoretical diffraction light curves for lunar occultation of three different binary systems



Reality – Omega Leonis 0910Apr14

Occult4 prediction for Malvern-Gravic patio

E. Longitude - 75 32 21.1, Latitude 40 4 30.2, Alt. 108m; Telescope dia 50cm; dMag 0.0

% Elon Sun Moon CA PA VA AA Libration Cct durn R.A. (J2000) SV dav Star Sp Mag Mag в RV Dec Mdist o L No D v V i11 Alt Alt Az 0 0 0 в m/o m/o "/s 0 sec h m 3 m/s v m 14 Apr 10 4 49 D 1397cF9 5.5 76 + 12120 265 885 107 56 88 -2.1 +7.0 +0.4-1.7 .451 4.8 9 28 27.4 3 24 400.7 884. R1397 = omega Leonis 1397 is double: AB 5.69 7.28 0.88" 114.0, dT = +1.9sec

1397 is a close double. Observations are highly desired

Hubble Optics UL20 30fps video capture with VTI



mu Gem Lunar Occ. 1314Mar11



16.5 mas fit (red)



0.1 mas fit (red)

5

Media, PA C8, Luca-S at 333fps, unfiltered, LiMovie

Scintillation limited SNR!

FPS (speed) - Pi Sgr at Villanova, 1011Aug11

- Villanova C8, 164CEX-2 CCD, no filter, 30fps
- 9.4mas per datum



- Gravic C8, Andor Luca-S emCCD,
- Sloan r filter, 120fps
- 2.4 mas per datum
- Again Scintillation limited SNR





Young 1967 on Scintillation

$$S = \frac{I_{rms}}{I_{DC}} = S_o d^{-2/3} X^{3/2} e^{-h/h_o} (\Delta f)^{1/2}$$

where S_o is 0.05 if aperture d is in inches, X is the air mass, scale height $h_o \sim 8000$ m

Young, A. 1967, AJ **72**, 6

Scintillation SNR Theory

 Limit Scintillation imposes on SNR vs. aperture

> 30-fps, two elevations, 1.2 airmass, 20mag./sq.as.



SNR Theory for 14" f/4 SCT

- SNR for four cameras vs object mag.
- 30-fps, 100-m elevation, 1.2 airmass, Sky: 20th mag./sq.as.
- Each magnitude fainter worked is about 300% more targets (2.5 mag. is ~30x more)



Scintillation limits photometric SNR for bright objects

Array Scintillation Noise Reduction



Only Scintillation per Young (1967) counted in noise.

Desired Capabilities for HTRA Capture Software

- Ability to drive multiple cameras for an array
- Full emCCD camera feature control
- Live-view of the star while recording
- Ability to record for long periods with precise timing and no data loss
- Recover gracefully from equipment failures



Architecture



Triggering
Two solutions developed
Arduino-based
Camera clock-based



User interface

net PCICamera0
KAI4021M (2048x2048) -> A08H863060
Seq Name: Default
Exposure Time: 10 ms
Exposure Mode: TIMED
Sym Binning: 2
🔲 EM Gain:
🗖 ROI: (x, y): 🛛
(w, h): 2048 2048
Display
Update Every: 500 ms 🔽 Flip H
Zoom: 1 x 🗖 Flip V
Range: 0 4096 🗖 Auto
Focus Record
Stop
Focusing (2048x2048) -> (1024x1024)
Frame Count: 1100 Missed Frames: 0 Elapsed Time: 162 FPS: 6 Start Timestamp: 1404339412
Exit GRAVIC.





Live View

Verification – Lab Comparison



164CEX-2 & emCCD capturing LED blinking with 1pps GPS signal,

Verification – New Capture Software



Photometrics Cascade 128 emCCD capturing LED blinking with 1pps GPS signal at 200fps, Tangra light curve with timings also captured.

Some Results - Hohenstenia





 Hohenstenia (12.8-mag.) on left & TYC5083-00898-1 (10.7-mag.) on right. Occultation miss 2014-07-0708 512B emCCD 250ms 12" LX200 Tangra 3 Light curve made from 128x128 Rol video @ 96fps. We covered the aperture twice at start, clouds came in later.

Contact and further information

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- Gravic Labs Papers (source for some slide pictures): <u>http://www.gravic.com/graviclabs/rd/astronomy/papers.html</u>
- Alt-Az Telescope Initiative Website: <u>www.AltAzInitiative.org</u>